

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1. Product identifier**

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Tridol^{C6} S6
Product code : FNC 03 06
Type of product : Firefighting foam concentrate (AFFF)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**1.2.1. Relevant identified uses**

Industrial/Professional use spec : Industrial
For professional use only
Use of the substance/mixture : Firefighting foam concentrate

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ANGUS FIRE Ltd
Station Road
Bentham LA2 7NA - United Kingdom
T +44 1524 264000 - F +441524 264180
general.enquiries@angusuk.co.uk - www.angusfire.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : T +44(0) 1524 264000 (Standard office hours: Monday to Friday 8:30am – 4:30pm GMT)
Contact person: EH&S Manager

SECTION 2: Hazards identification**2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Not classified

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH-statements : EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request

2.3. Other hazards

PBT: not relevant – no registration required
vPvB: not relevant – no registration required

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.1. Substances**

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	(CAS-No.) 112-34-5 (EC-No.) 203-961-6 (EC Index-No.) 603-096-00-8 (REACH-no) 01-2119475104-44	4 - 10	Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Assure fresh air breathing. Allow the victim to rest.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : No specific measures are necessary. This product is a fire extinguishing medium.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Not applicable.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : No fire hazard.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Not applicable.
- Protection during firefighting : Not applicable.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

6.4. Reference to other sections

8. Exposure controls/personal protection. 13. Disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear recommended personal protective equipment. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
- Hygiene measures : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage conditions : Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed. Store at temperatures not exceeding 60°C (140°F) (intermittent). Protect from freezing. Keep/Store away from incompatible materials.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Firefighting foam concentrate.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol (112-34-5)

EU	Local name	2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol
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2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol (112-34-5)		
EU	IOELV TWA (mg/m ³)	67.5 mg/m ³
EU	IOELV TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
EU	IOELV STEL (mg/m ³)	101.2 mg/m ³
EU	IOELV STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m ³)	67.5 mg/m ³ (2-(2-Butoxyéthoxy)éthanol; Belgium; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h)
Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	10 ppm (2-(2-Butoxyéthoxy)éthanol; Belgium; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h)
Belgium	Short time value (mg/m ³)	101.2 mg/m ³ (2-(2-Butoxyéthoxy)éthanol; Belgium; Short time value)
Belgium	Short time value (ppm)	15 ppm (2-(2-Butoxyéthoxy)éthanol; Belgium; Short time value)
France	Local name	2-(2-butoxyéthoxy)éthanol
France	VME (mg/m ³)	67.5 mg/m ³
France	VME (ppm)	10 ppm
France	VLE (mg/m ³)	101.2 mg/m ³
France	VLE (ppm)	15 ppm
France	Note (FR)	Valeurs réglementaires indicatives
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m ³)	50 mg/m ³ (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; Netherlands; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; Public occupational exposure limit value)
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 8H (ppm)	7.4 ppm (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; Netherlands; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; Public occupational exposure limit value)
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 15MIN (mg/m ³)	100 mg/m ³ (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; Netherlands; Short time value; Public occupational exposure limit value)
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 15MIN (ppm)	15 ppm (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; Netherlands; Short time value; Public occupational exposure limit value)
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m ³)	67.5 mg/m ³ 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol; United Kingdom; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005)
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol; United Kingdom; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005)
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m ³)	101.2 mg/m ³ 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol; United Kingdom; Short time value; Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005)
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol; United Kingdom; Short time value; Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005)
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value; Inhalable fraction and vapor)

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure adequate ventilation. Follow the exposure limits given on this material safety data sheet.

Personal protective equipment:

Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves (butyl rubber)

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment (A2/P2).

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Thermal hazard protection:

Wear thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Environmental exposure controls:

Contain spills. Prevent releases. Observe national regulations on emissions. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: Amber.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: 6.6 - 7.6
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: -1 °C
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: > 100 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non flammable.
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 0.99 - 1.03
Solubility	: No data available
Log Pow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 2 mm ² /s
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkali metals. Oxidizing agent. Water reactive substances.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides. Sulphur oxides. Hydrogen fluoride. Nitrogen oxides (NO_x). Sodium oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

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2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol (112-34-5)	
LD50 oral rat	5660 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	2764 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; OECD 402 : acute dermal toxicity)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: 6.6 - 7.6
Additional information	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: 6.6 - 7.6
Additional information	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Additional information	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Additional information	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Additional information	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified
Additional information	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Additional information	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Additional information	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Tridol ^{C6} S6	
Viscosity, kinematic	2 mm ² /s
Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol (112-34-5)	
LC50 fish 1	1300 mg/l (96 h; <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>)
LC50 fish 2	1805 mg/l (48 h; <i>Leuciscus idus</i>)
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	10 - 100 mg/l (96 h)
EC50 Daphnia 1	2850 mg/l (24 h; <i>Daphnia magna</i> ; GLP)
EC50 Daphnia 2	> 100 mg/l (48 h; <i>Daphnia magna</i>)
TLM fish 1	10 - 100,96 h; Pisces
TLM other aquatic organisms 1	10 - 100,96 h
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	10 - 100,96 h
Threshold limit algae 1	53 mg/l (192 h; <i>Microcystis aeruginosa</i>)
Threshold limit algae 2	>= 100 mg/l (96 h; <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i>)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Tridol ^{C6} S6	
Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol (112-34-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.25 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.08 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	2.173 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.11

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Tridol ^{C6} S6	
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

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2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol (112-34-5)	
BCF fish 1	0.46 (QSAR)
Log Pow	0.56 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low bioaccumulation potential.

12.4. Mobility in soil

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol (112-34-5)	
Surface tension	0.034 N/m (25 °C)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Tridol ^{C6} S6	
PBT: not relevant – no registration required	
vPvB: not relevant – no registration required	

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.
European List of Waste (LoW) code : 16 03 05* - organic wastes containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

14.1. UN number

UN-No. (ADR) : Not applicable
UN-No. (IMDG) : Not applicable
UN-No. (IATA) : Not applicable
UN-No. (ADN) : Not applicable
UN-No. (RID) : Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (ADR) : Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (ADN) : Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (RID) : Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR

Transport hazard class(es) (ADR) : Not applicable

IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : Not applicable

IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : Not applicable

ADN

Transport hazard class(es) (ADN) : Not applicable

RID

Transport hazard class(es) (RID) : Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (ADR) : Not applicable
Packing group (IMDG) : Not applicable
Packing group (IATA) : Not applicable
Packing group (ADN) : Not applicable

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Packing group (RID) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Dangerous for the environment : No
Marine pollutant : No
Other information : No supplementary information available

14.6. Special precautions for user

- Overland transport

No data available

- Transport by sea

No data available

- Air transport

No data available

- Inland waterway transport

No data available

- Rail transport

No data available

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

The following restrictions are applicable according to Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

3. Liquid substances or mixtures which are regarded as dangerous in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC or are fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol
3(b) Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10	2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol
55. 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol (DEGBE)	2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol

Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

15.1.2. National regulations

Germany

VwVwS Annex reference : Water hazard class (WGK) 3, severe hazard to waters (Classification according to VwVwS, Annex 4)

12th Ordinance Implementing the Federal Immission Control Act - 12.BImSchV : Is not subject of the 12. BImSchV (Hazardous Incident Ordinance)

Netherlands

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : None of the components are listed

SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Borstvoeding : None of the components are listed

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid : None of the components are listed

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Ontwikkeling : None of the components are listed

Denmark

Recommendations Danish Regulation : Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with the product

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

SECTION 16: Other information

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request

SDS EU (REACH Annex II) - Angus Fire

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product



Tridol^{C6} S6

Synthetic Aqueous Film-Forming
Foam (AFFF) Concentrate

Integrity

*Doing what's right, rather than
what's convenient*

Angus Fire prides itself on the open and honest way in which we conduct our business throughout the world. Our foams are an extension of our ethical beliefs and we pride ourselves in being the responsible foam manufacturer, balancing high performance with minimal environmental impact. Our C6 foams contain no PFOA and no PFOS, in accordance with US EPA Stewardship Programme 2010/15 and EU Directive 2006/122/EC and amended Council Directive 76/769/EEC.

C6 Fluorosurfactants

These are the most effective agents currently available to tackle serious flammable liquid fires, providing firefighter safety and asset protection. Angus foams containing C6 surfactants utilise the very latest in firefighting foam technologies, developed and refined specifically to lower the environmental impact without reducing performance.



- Film-forming for fast flame knockdown and extinguishment
- Burnback resistance and post-fire security
- Environmentally balanced

Tridol^{C6} S6 is a superior quality synthetic Aqueous Film-Forming Foam (AFFF) concentrate for extinguishing and securing flammable hydrocarbon liquid fires.

Tridol^{C6} S6 is a unique combination of hydrocarbon and fluorochemical surface active agents. It produces a vapour-sealing aqueous film that spreads rapidly over the fuel surface to provide rapid control and extinguishment.

- Film-forming for fast flame knock down and extinguishment.
- Burnback resistance and post-fire security.
- Foam blanket reseals when ruptured by personnel or equipment.

Applications

Tridol^{C6} S6 is used in high risk situations where hydrocarbons (such as crude oil, diesel, and aviation kerosene) are stored, processed, or transported. It is used extensively on Rapid Intervention Vehicles (RIV) where fast extinguishment with limited quantities of foam is essential for saving life. Other applications include hydrocarbon storage tanks, process areas, warehouses, power stations and offshore platforms.

Tridol^{C6} S6 provides a vapour suppressing foam blanket on unignited hydrocarbon spills.

Approvals and Listings

Tridol^{C6} S6 is independently tested and certified to EN1568:2008 part 3.

Performance exceeds ICAO Level B fire performance and is certified to this performance level.

Tridol^{C6} S6 is audited and approved to Underwriters Laboratories UL162 (7th Edition).

Equipment

Tridol^{C6} S6 is intended for use at 6% (6 parts concentrate to 94 parts water). Tridol^{C6} S6 is readily proportioned using conventional foam proportioning equipment.

Tridol^{C6} S6 can be used with air aspirating discharge devices and non-aspirating. Devices include low expansion branchpipes, monitors, top pourers, rimseal pourers, as well as water and foam sprinklers.

Non-aspirated foam is suitable for shallow fuel fires and spill fires. Where a major fuel fire is involved, Angus Fire always recommends the use of aspirated foam where a stable foam blanket is essential.

Tridol^{C6} S6

Synthetic Aqueous Film-Forming Foam (AFFF) Concentrate

Compatibility

Tridol^{C6} S6 is suitable for use in combination with:

- Soft or hard, fresh, brackish or sea water.
- Dry powder extinguishing agents either separately or as twin agent systems due to the C6 content.
- Expanded protein-based or synthetic foams for application to a fire in sequence or simultaneously.

Environment

The C6 surfactants balance high performance and low environmental impact. Tridol^{C6} S6 demonstrates low aquatic toxicity.

Storage

Tridol^{C6} S6 is exceptionally stable in long-term storage. A shelf-life of at least ten years can be expected if it is stored properly.

Disposal

For fire water runoff and accidental spillage please refer to Angus Fire's Foam Disposal Guide and MSDS for more information.

Product Quality

Tridol^{C6} S6 production is closely controlled and is audited by UL in accordance with their approval system.

Angus Fire operates a quality management system which complies with the requirements of BS EN ISO 9001.

Typical Physico-Chemical Properties

Appearance		Amber Liquid
Specific gravity @ 20°C (68°F)		0.99 - 1.03
pH @ 20°C (68°F)		6.6 - 7.6
Viscosity @ 20°C (68°F)	mm ² sec ⁻¹	2
Maximum continuous storage temperature	°C (°F)	49 (120)
Maximum intermittent storage temperature	°C (°F)	60 (140)
Freezing point	°C (°F)	-1 (30.2)
Effect of freeze/thaw		Product is not damaged by freezing. After thawing agitate gently.
UL Lowest use temperature	°C (°F)	1.7 (35)

Typical Foam Properties

Foam generated using the U.K. Defence Standard DEF42-40 5 lpm branchpipe at 7 Bar pressure. Foam collected in a 1630 ml N.F.P.A. drainage pan.

Expansion ratio		≥8:1
25% drainage time	min/sec	≥ 2'40"

Typical Packing Specification

	Plastic Square	Plastic Square	Plastic Cylindrical	Plastic Cylindrical	Ecobulk MX
Capacity	25 litres	5 US gallons	200 litres	55 US gallons	1000 litres
Empty weight (kg)	1.2	0.8	9.0	9.0	70
Filled weight (kg)	27	20	213	222	1090
Dimensions (mm)	448 x 286 x 286	402 x 293 x 240	580 D x 922 H	580 D x 922 H	1200 L x 1000 W x 1160 H
Part number	FN0306GOP	FN0306TOP	FN0306JOP	FN0306WOP	FN0306L8



**EN1568:2008
Part 3**



EMERGENCY FOAM SERVICE Call +44 (0) 15242 61166 – 24 hours a day, every day

SALES & MARKETING

Angus Fire Ltd

Angus House, Haddenham Business Park,
Pegasus Way, Haddenham, Aylesbury, HP17 8LB, UK
Tel: +44 (0)1844 293600 • Fax: +44 (0)1844 293664

MANUFACTURING PLANT

Angus Fire Ltd

Station Road, Bentham, Lancaster, LA2 7NA, UK
Tel: +44 (0)1524 264000 • Fax: +44 (0)1524 261580

Angus Fire operates a continuous programme of product development. The right is therefore reserved to modify any specification without prior notice and Angus Fire should be contacted to ensure that the current issues of all technical data sheets are used.